Original Research Article

Strategies and practice of integrating digital media art and college english teaching

Bozhuang Qian Xi'an Fanyi University, Xi'an, Shaanxi, 710105, China

Abstract: This paper discusses the strategies and practices of the integration of digital media art and college English teaching, focusing on the improvement of the teaching effect. Multimedia technology and artistic means change the classroom from one-way indoctrination to multi-sensory participation, and enhance students interest and language ability. At the same time, we analyze the bottleneck challenges and optimization direction in teaching, verify the effectiveness of case practice, and provide theoretical basis and practical experience for teaching reform.

Keywords: Digital media art, College English, Teaching integration, Language expression, Teaching effect

1. Foreword

With the rapid development of information technology, college education, especially language teaching, is facing new challenges and opportunities. The traditional college English teaching mode is difficult to stimulate students interest. The introduction of digital media art provides a new path, and its unique experience enriches teaching methods and creates an immersive learning environment. This study explores the integration strategies of the two, analyzes their effects on students ability and teaching effect, and puts forward feasible plans to optimize teaching.

2. The development status of teaching mode in the integration of digital media art and college English teaching

2.1. Limitations of the traditional English teaching mode

In recent years, with the rapid development of information technology, digital media art has gradually become a key part of university education, especially in the category of language teaching. The application of digital media art has endowed with new teaching modes and methods for college English teaching. Traditional English teaching mode is relatively single, often dependent on teaching materials, classroom teaching and exercises, this pattern although have certain classic, but in the information age, difficult to stimulate students interest in learning, and digital media art with its unique audio-visual effect and interactive experience, can significantly enhance the students participation and learning enthusiasm.

2.2. The application of digital media art in college English teaching

In the context of the current educational reform, many universities have begun to introduce digital media art into college English classrooms. By combining video, animation, graphic design and other multimedia means, teachers can break through the shackles of traditional teaching mode and create a more vivid teaching environment. For example, by using digital media technology, teachers can broadcast situational dialogue videos, cultural documentaries and other contents in class, helping students to understand the English language background and cultural connotation more intuitively. This teaching mode can not only effectively improve students language expression ability, but also cultivate their cross-cultural communication skills.

2.3. Personalized teaching and immersive learning

The application of digital media art also prompted personalized teaching into reality, and the traditional "one size fits all" teaching methods, digital media technology can according to the individual differences provide customized learning resources, assist students according to their own level to select appropriate learning materials, and more targeted to improve language ability. In virtual reality (VR) and other technologies, students can simulate real scenes and conduct language exercises, an immersive learning environment that can further strengthen their learning effect.

2.4. Potential and challenges of future development

At present, although the integration of digital media art in college English teaching has achieved some achievements, but its application scope is not wide enough, and some universities are still in the exploration and experimental stage. In the future, with the further development of digital technology, the application prospect of digital media art in college English teaching will be even broader, and it is highly likely to become one of the mainstream teaching modes.

3. The application bottleneck and optimization direction of digital media art in teaching integration

3.1. Lack of technical support

Although the application of digital media art in college English teaching shows many advantages, it still faces several bottlenecks and challenges in the process of practical teaching integration. These problems have an impact on its popularization and effectiveness in teaching, and it is urgent to take optimization measures to improve it. The lack of technical support is a prominent problem in the application of digital media art. The hardware equipment and network environment of many universities have not fully met the needs of digital media art teaching, making it difficult for teachers to carry out classroom design with the full help of multimedia technology. Poor network connection and old equipment may cause multimedia content loading slow, poor interaction, even affect the overall fluency of the classroom, some schools did not configure professional technical team, teachers in the application of new technology often missing necessary technical support, makes the digital classroom effect.

3.2. The lack of teachers

The lack of faculty is also a key bottleneck in the current teaching integration. Although many teachers have recognized the importance of digital media art, not all teachers have the ability to use these technologies skillfully. Most teachers teaching experience and knowledge structure still tend to the traditional teaching mode, and lack in-depth cognition and operation skills of digital media technology. Some teachers even have a low acceptance of new technology, and they are worried about its complexitys impact on the teaching progress and effect. How to improve teachers mastery and application of digital media art has become an important topic to improve the teaching effect.

3.3. The difficulty of teaching content integration

It is still difficult to go digital and integrate the teaching content artistically. In many cases, the design of the teaching content and the combination of digital media did not reach the ideal interactive and guiding, part of the teaching design is simply the traditional teaching content in the form of multimedia, lack of depth of interaction and innovative thinking, the "surface integration" cannot fully display the teaching of digital media potential. How to balance the seriousness of art form and academic content is also a problem that cannot be ignored. If too much attention to visual effects ignores teaching objectives, it may lead to the deviation of teaching content and the distraction of students attention.

3.4. Optimization direction and improvement strategy

In order to solve these problems, it is necessary to strengthen the construction of technical infrastructure to ensure that colleges and universities have the hardware conditions for digital media art teaching. The training and ability improvement of teachers are particularly critical. Schools should provide professional technical training, so that teachers can skillfully use digital media technology for classroom design. In the design of teaching content, it is necessary to strengthen the deep integration of digital art and language teaching objectives, to ensure that the content is not only innovative and artistic, but also can effectively improve the learning effect of students.

4. Practical effect and future prospect of innovative teaching mode based on digital media art

4.1. Practical effect: stimulate learning enthusiasm and improve language use ability

Practice shows that digital media art is integrated into innovative teaching mode, which gradually highlights its uniqueness and remarkable effect. Combining multimedia and artistic techniques, it not only makes teaching activities become vivid, but also effectively promotes students enthusiasm and creative thinking in learning. In real operation, digital media art is integrated into classroom teaching, thus transforming the traditional one-way knowledge transmission into an interactive and autonomous learning environment. In the teaching environment, educators use moving images, playback devices, and participatory software tools to enable learners to directly observe the use of the language in different scenarios.

4.2. The realization of personalized teaching and adaptive learning

In practical application, the integration of art forms and digital technology makes educational materials show higher adaptability and richness, so as to make corresponding adjustments according to students individual needs and learning levels. Using digital tools, educators are able to track students academic growth in real time, allowing them to respond quickly and implement customized guidance. With the help of the teaching mode of digital media, the defects of a single standard in traditional education are avoided, and students are given a diversified and tailored learning process.

4.3. Technology promotes teaching reform

The application of digital media art brought about by technological progress provides a solid technical backing for the popularization of innovative teaching mode, and then breaks the shackles of traditional teaching in time and space. With the help of digital media, students can independently explore knowledge in extracurricular time, thus broadening the scope and depth of knowledge learning. In the teaching process,

the application of digital media technology provides students with many resources and tools, and effectively promotes the improvement of students independent learning ability. In this process, teachers are not simply knowledge transmitters, but assume the role of guidance and cooperation, making students become the center of the classroom. This role transformation greatly improves the teaching effectiveness.

4.4. The deep application of virtual reality and augmented reality

In the future, the deep integration of digital media art and teaching activities will still open up a broad development path. The continuous development of information technology will promote the application of virtual reality and augmented reality technology in teaching, thus enhancing the immersion and interactivity of the classroom. In higher education institutions, with the acceleration of digital transformation, digital media art has gradually become a key element in many teaching processes. In the field of education, the future teaching will show diversity and flexibility, among which digital teaching plays an indispensable role.

5. Epilogue

The integration of digital media art and college English teaching provides a broad space for educational innovation. Multimedia technology makes teaching vivid and flexible, enhances students interest and participation, and improves their language and cross-cultural communication skills. However, the lack of technical support and limited teachers are the main challenges. In the future, the development of information technology will make the application prospect of digital media art broader. By constantly optimizing the teaching mode and improving the teachers ability to apply the technology, it will surely play a more important role in college education and promote the in-depth development of teaching reform.

About the author

Qian Bozhuang, male, born in October 2002, Han ethnicity, from Xi'an, Shaanxi Province, educational background: Bachelor's degree, research direction: new English teaching models in the era of digital media.

References

- Liu Wei. Research on the Impact of Digital Media Art on English Teaching in Universities [J]. Modern Education in China, 2022,45 (3): 45-50.
- [2] Chen Jie. Exploration of the integrated application of multimedia technology and art education [J]. Educational Technology and Practice, 2023,28 (1): 23-28.
- [3] Wang Lili. The Practice and Challenge of Digital Art in College Teaching [J]. Contemporary Educational Science, 2021,40 (6): 60-65.